

This supplement is part of the consolidated environmental statement 2022 of Dörken Membranes and Dörken Coatings.

It provides information on current changes, which is why only the sections that have changed since the consolidated environmental statement are listed in this table of contents.

Updated

Environmental Statement 2024

Table of contents

1.2.	Changes	2
1.2.1.	Organizational changes	2
3.	Environmental regulations	2
8.	Core indicators	3
8.1.	Reference value	3
8.2.	Energy efficiency	3
8.2.1.	Electricity energy	3
8.2.2.	District heating	3
8.2.3.	Natural gas	5
8.2.4.	Diesel fuel	5
8.2.5.	Total energy consumption	5
8.3.	Material efficiency	7
8.4.	Water	7
8.5.	Waste	7
8.6.	Biodiversity	10
8.7.	Emissions	10
9.	Goals / Goal evaluation / Programs	11
9.1.	Dörken Group	11
9.1.1.	Indirect emissions	11
9.1.2.	Employee participation	12
9.2.	Dörken Coatings	12
9.2.1.	Energy efficiency	12
9.2.2.	Material efficiency	13
9.2.3.	Specific waste	13
9.2.4.	Emissions (VOC)	14
9.2.5.	Employee participation	14
9.3.	Dörken Membranes	14
9.3.1.	Energy efficiency:	14
9.3.2.	Material efficiency	15
9.3.3.	Waste reduction:	16
9.3.4.	Specific waste	16
10.	Declaration of validity ¹⁸	

1.2. Changes

1.2.1. Organizational changes

Since November 2023, Mr. Koch has been the sole managing director of Dörken Coatings GmbH & Co. The company is divided into two profit centers: Industrial Coatings and Architectural Coatings.

Since February 2024, the tasks of quality and environmental management, process management and the CSR tasks of Dörken Coatings have been combined in a new "Quality and CSR" department. Mr. Hendrik Narjes is responsible for this department.

Enervie Service has been responsible for waste management since June 25, 2024. This was documented with the assignments by the BUs.

3. Environmental regulations

Within the DörkenGroup, the "Legal Compliance" module in the Quentic software environment is used to monitor changes to environmental regulations and to track the resulting measures. The legal register is maintained by lawyers from the service company EcoCompliance.

In addition to the valid legal regulations listed in the consolidated environmental statement, the following have become relevant:

- **CBAM**: Reporting obligations in connection with the CO2 border tax have been in force since October 1, 2023 in force for emission-intensive goods imported into Germany.
- The obligation for new sustainability reporting in accordance with **Directive (EU) 2022/2464** will come into force in stages from 2024, depending on the size or characteristics of the company. The **Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive**, or **CSRD**, imposes new obligations on companies.
- The R&D department monitors compliance with chemicals legislation in accordance with the **ChemG** and takes measures to develop PFAS-free products.
- **EUDR** EU regulation on deforestation-free supply chains for certain raw materials, e.g. soy, wood, palm oil, ...
- **EnEfG** - Energy Efficiency Act introduces extensive obligations for companies to increase energy efficiency in Germany.
- **Energy Supply Security Measures Ordinance (EnSimiMaV)**: The ordinance regulates energy-saving measures in the building sector for a period of two years, starting in October 2022. The measures are evaluated by means of external validation in accordance with DIN EN 17463 (VALERI).

The implementation of measures is monitored at regular review meetings. If deviations are identified during the legal compliance check in Quentic, countermeasures are initiated immediately and the authorities are involved if necessary. This ensures the legally compliant operation of the systems.

8. Core indicators

8.1. Reference value

The reference value for the Herdecke and Hagen sites for the energy efficiency of electricity, overall energy efficiency, material efficiency, waste, biodiversity and emissions is the production volume.

Reference value		Herdecke	Hagen
Quantity produced [t]	2021	25.428	12.139
	2022	20.545	11.361
	2023	12.711	13.415

Table 1: Reference values quantity produced (saleable product)

The reference value for energy for heating purposes is the built-up area [m²] of the respective locations.

At the Herdecke site, district heating and at the Hagen site, natural gas energy is valued using this reference value.

Reference value	Herdecke	Hagen
unchanged since 2021	32.600	22.870

Table 2 Reference values built-up area

8.2. Energy efficiency

8.2.1. Electricity energy

Electricity		Herdecke	Hagen
Consumption [MWh] (without Dörken Foundation)	2021	23.625	14.647
	2022	21.819	16.081
	2023	16.305	15.805
Energy efficiency [MWh/t]	2021	0,93	1,19
	2022	1,06	1,42
	2023	1,28	1,18

Table 3 Energy efficiency electricity

8.2.2. District heating

District heating is used for heating purposes at the Herdecke site.

District heating		Herdecke
Consumption [MWh]	2021	9.078
	2022	7.958
	2023	7.252
Climate-adjusted ratio District heating consumption to	2021	0,31
	2022	0,30
	2023	0,29

built-up area [MWh/m] ²
Climate factor DWD

Table 4 Ratio of district heating consumption to built-up area

8.2.3. Natural gas

At the Herdecke site, natural gas is used exclusively in production at Dörken Dörken Membranes in the coating plant.

Natural gas	Herdecke	
Consumption [MWh]	2021	4.259
	2022	3.968
	2023	4.343
Energy efficiency [MWh/t]	2021	0,17
	2022	0,19
	2023	0,34

Table 5 Energy efficiency of natural gas (production)

The Hagen site uses this energy for heating purposes. To evaluate natural gas consumption, a climate-adjusted ratio of natural gas consumption to built-up area is calculated.
natural gas consumption to built-up area.

Natural gas	Hagen	
Consumption [MWh]	2021	2.182
	2022	2.164
	2023	1.910
Climate-adjusted ratio of natural gas consumption to built-up area [MWh/m] ²	2021	0,10
	2022	0,12
	2023	0,11

Table 6 Ratio of natural gas consumption to built-up area (heating purposes)

8.2.4. Diesel fuel

Diesel fuel is used at the Herdecke site for internal logistics (industrial trucks). The quantity delivered is valued.

Diesel	Herdecke	
Consumption [MWh]	2021	240
	2022	239
	2023	246
Energy efficiency [MWh/t]	2021	0,009
	2022	0,012
	2023	0,019

Table 7 Energy efficiency diesel

8.2.5. Total energy consumption

The company has been using green electricity at both sites since March 2022

Total energy	Herdecke		Hagen
Consumption [MWh]	2021	37.213	16.828
	2022	33.693	18.245
	2023	28.146	17.715
Share of renewable Energy [MWh]	2021	12.550	7.777
	2022	20.438	15.169
	2023	16.305	15.805

Table 8 Total energy consumption

Energy efficiency related on quantity produced		Herdecke	Hagen
Energy efficiency [MWh/t]	2021	1,46	1,37
	2022	1,64	1,61
	2023	2,21	1,32
Energy efficiency [MWh/t] renewable energy	2021	0,49	0,63
	2022	0,99	1,34
	2023	1,28	1,18

Table 9 Energy efficiency total energy

Share of renewable energy		Herdecke	Hagen
Share of energy from renewable energy sources in the annual total consumption (electricity and heat)	2021	38 %	46 %
	2022	69 %	83 %
	2023	69 %	89 %

Table 10 Share of renewable energy

8.3. Material efficiency

Material efficiency		Herdecke	Hagen
Material consumption [t]	2021	30.102	12.738
	2022	26.658	12.334
	2023	15.511	18.225
Material efficiency [t/t]	2021	1,18	1,04
	2022	1,30	1,09
	2023	1,22	1,36

Table 11 Material efficiency

8.4. Water

Water		Herdecke	Hagen
Consumption [m ³]	2021	20.010	9.844
	2022	36.060	13.620
	2023	41.477	20.077
Key figure [m ³ /t]	2021	0,79	0,81
	2022	1,76	1,20
	2023	3,26	1,50

Table 12 Water consumption

8.5. Waste

A distinction is made between hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

Non-hazardous waste includes the following types of waste:

Aqueous sludges (AVV 08 01 16 / AVV 02 02 04),
 Plastics (AVV 15 01 02 / AVV 17 02 03 / AVV 20 01 39),
 Wood (AVV 15 01 03),
 Mixed municipal waste (AVV 20 03 01),
 Paper, cardboard, carton (AVV 20 01 01),
 Metals (AVV 17 04 05 / 17 04 07),

Mixed packaging (AVV 15 01 06),
Mixed construction and demolition waste (AVV 17 01 07 / AVV 17 09 04 / AVV 17 06 04 / AVV 17 08 02),
non-hazardous chemicals (AVV 08 01 12 / AVV 08 04 10 / AVV 12 01 17 / AVV 16 03 04 / AVV 16 03 06 / AVV 16 05 09)

Hazardous waste mainly includes the following:

Components (packaging) with hazardous residues (AVV 15 01 10 / AVV 15 01 11 / AVV 15 02 02),

Paint and varnish waste (AVV 08 01 11 / AVV 08 04 09 / AVV 08 01 16 / AVV 14 06 03 / AVV 20 01 13),

hazardous chemicals (AVV 07 02 08 / AVV 11 01 11 / AVV 12 01 12 / AVV 16 05 04 / AVV 16 05 06 / AVV 16 05 07),

Hazardous construction and demolition waste (AVV 17 06 03)

Machine / gear oil (AVV 13 02 05)

Herdecke location

Hazardous waste

Type of waste	Year	2021	2022	2023
Packaging with hazardous residues	[t]	256,8	265,7	100,4
Paint and varnish waste	[t]	139,2	116,9	122,9
Chemicals	[t]	9,6	5,0	50,2
Electronic waste	[t]	4,1	5,6	3,4
Hazardous construction and demolition waste	[t]	0	2,2	0
Machine/gear oil [t]	[t]	1,0	0	1,0
Total quantity [t]	[t]	411	395	279
Key figure: Proportion of hazardous waste to quantity produced	[kg/t]	16	19	11

Table 13 Hazardous waste Herdecke

Non-hazardous waste

Type of waste	Year	2021	2022	2023
Plastics	[t]	2.614,7 ¹	2.956,4 ¹	2.421,2 ¹
Aqueous sludges	[t]	775,6	700,8	562,4
Wood	[t]	248,8	253,6	170,2
Mixed municipal waste	[t]	113,3	253,6	81,0
Paper, cardboard, paperboard	[t]	104,8	79,5	60,4
Metals	[t]	45,7	32,8	31,5
Mixed packaging	[t]	39,9	19,7	56,6
Chemicals	[t]	27,9	57,2	65,9
Mixed construction and demolition waste	[t]	29,9	8,1	0,4
Total quantity [t]	[t]	4.000	4.217	3.450
Key figure: Proportion of non-hazardous waste to quantity produced	[kg/t]	157	205	271
Separate collection rate [%]		95,2	96,3	94,2

Table 14 Non-hazardous waste Herdecke

¹ The consolidated environmental statement did not include the recycling of plastic that did not take place via AHE.

Year		2021	2022	2023
Total amount of total waste	[t]	4.411	4.612	3.729
Key figure: Proportion of total waste to quantity produced	[kg/t]	173	224	293

Table 15 Total waste Herdecke

Location Hagen

Hazardous waste

Type of waste	Year	2021	2022	2023
Machine/gear oil	[t]	3,1	6,3	4,0
Electronic waste	[t]	0,4	1,6	2,2
Packaging with residues	[t]	0,2	0,1	0,1
Paint and varnish waste	[t]	3,3	6,6	0,4
Total quantity [t]	[t]	7,0	14,6	6,7
Key figure: Proportion of hazardous waste to quantity produced	[kg/t]	0,58	1,29	0,50

Table 16 Hazardous waste Hagen

Non-hazardous waste

Type of waste	Year	2021	2022	2023
Plastics	[t]	711,9	1.663,5	1632,4
Mixed municipal waste	[t]	58,9	58,9	111,1
Wood	[t]	51,5	67,8	90,4
Paper, cardboard, paperboard	[t]	48,8	54,6	56,4
Aqueous sludges	[t]	3,0	0,0	33,1
Metals	[t]	2,7	5,4	29,0
Mixed construction and demolition waste	[t]	1,2	8,4	9,3
Biodegradable	[t]	0,0	8,4	11,8
Mixed packaging	[t]	0,0	1,4	48,3
Total quantity [t]	[t]	878	1.868	2022
Key figure: Proportion of non-hazardous waste to quantity produced	[kg/t]	157	205	151
Separate collection rate [%]		93,3	96,8	94,2

Table 17 Non-hazardous waste Hagen

Year		2021	2022	2023
Total amount of total waste	[t]	885	1.883	2.029
Key figure: Proportion of total waste to quantity produced	[kg/t]	72,9	165,7	151,2

Table 18 Total waste Hagen

8.6. Biodiversity

Land consumption Herdecke		2021 to 2023
Total area	m²	75.000
Sealed surface	m ²	69.280
Built-up area unchanged since 2020	m ²	32.600
Near-natural area: green façade and green roof	m ²	6.120
Near-natural area away from the site	m ²	3.500
Proportion of sealed area	%	92

Table 19: Land consumption Herdecke

Due to a lack of informative value, no key figures are provided.

Location Hagen

Land consumption Hagen		2021 - 2023
Total area	m²	78.200
Sealed surface	m ²	50.900
of which built on from 2021	m ²	22.870
Near-natural area: green façade and green roof	m ²	27.300
Near-natural area away from the site	m ²	0
Proportion of sealed area	%	65

Table 20 Land consumption Hagen

8.7. emissions

The total annual greenhouse gas emissions consist of CO₂ emissions from the fossil fuels natural gas and diesel consumed at the sites.

At **the Herdecke** site, natural gas is required for production purposes and diesel for interlogistics (industrial trucks).

Natural gas is used for heating purposes at **the Hagen** site.

In addition, the HFCs refilled in the refrigeration systems at both locations are taken into account.

CH₄, N₂O, PFC, NF₃ and SF₆ are not discharged or released at the sites.

The total emissions are converted into tons of CO₂ equivalent. For the key figure, the total emission of the CO₂ equivalent in tons is compared to the total mass of finished goods produced.

Data source for conversion factors is GEMIS.

Total emissions	Year	Herdecke	Hagen
CO ₂ -equivalent [t]	2021	1.345	633
	2022	1.236	628
	2023	1.351	554
Key figure [t/t]	2021	0,05	0,05
	2022	0,06	0,06
	2023	0,11	0,04

Table 21 Total greenhouse gas emissions

Total air emissions include SO₂, NO_x and PM as well as volatile organic compounds (VOCs are based on a measurement from 2021) from paint production (Herdecke site). The fossil fuels consumed at the sites and measurements from the exhaust air of the affected production areas (Dörken Coatings) are used for this purpose.

Total emissions in the air [t]	Year	Herdecke	Hagen
Total emissions in the Air [t]	2021	5,78	0,46
	2022	5,72	0,46
	2023	5,81	0,41
Key figure total emissions [kg/t]	2021	0,23	0,04
	2022	0,28	0,04
	2023	0,46	0,03

Table 22 Total emissions to air excluding greenhouse gases

9. Objectives / target assessment / programs

9.1. Dörken Group

The scope of the Dörken Group comprises all divisions of Dörken Coatings and Dörken Membranes at the Herdecke and Hagen-Vorhalle sites. This includes the following divisions:

- Dörken Membranes
- Dörken Coatings

9.1.1. Indirect emissions

Reduction of indirect emissions from electricity by 100 percent

Year	[t] CO ₂ -equivalents	
2021	4.147	Initial value
2022	2.876	Green electricity since March
2023	0	exclusively green electricity

Program	Project data	Stand
Increase the proportion of electricity from renewable energy to 100%. Total company	Costs: EUR 50 thousand per year as of 2021 Date: end of 2022 Responsible: Purchasing	Goal achieved

9.1.2. Employee participation

Qualification measure for trainees to become energy scouts

Program	Project data	Stand
Participation of trainees in the IHK Imitative Energy Scouts 2023 → Training through workshops on the topics of energy and resource efficiency, handling measuring devices, operational mobility management, presentation technology and profitability calculation	4 Workshops	Goal achieved = the project presented was awarded a prize by the SIHK Hagen. The trainees presented their project in Berlin, for further details see project report
New: A further project for trainees will be announced for 2024/2025.	4 Workshops	Trainees class of 2024

9.2. Dörken Coatings

9.2.1. Energy efficiency

To reduce the specific energy consumption per production volume by 5 percent.

Baseline value 2021:		456 kWh/t
Target value	2025:	433 kWh/t
Actual value	2022:	480 kWh/t
Actual value	2023	531 kWh/t

Program	Project data	Stand
Replacement of bead mill P2 Production CPC → More energy-efficient system Reduction in electricity consumption, throughput times for grinding coatings have been reduced by 20 percent.	Costs: 200 TEUR Date: June 2023 Responsible: Project Engineer	Done
Planning Technical adaptation of water treatment Production Paste → Energy saving through shutdown at the weekend	Costs: 10 TEUR Date: end of 2023 Responsible: Project Engineer	Done

1. The individual analysis of energy efficiency for Industrial and Tinting from Architectural Coatings shows that the measures implemented - in particular the replacement of energy-intensive production units with more economical ones - are successful.
2. Tinting production: Electricity consumption is declining here due to the reduction in electricity consumption as a result of switching off the tinting production water treatment.
3. The trend for Architectural Coatings (WBC and SBC) is in the opposite direction. This is primarily due to the poor economic situation, which has led to a 30% decline in production volumes. In contrast, the electricity costs for maintaining the infrastructure have remained unchanged.

Program	Project data	Stand
New: Review of the compressed air system for the Coatings division and improvement of the measuring system	Costs: 10 TEUR Date: end of 2025 Responsible: Maintenance	Planning

9.2.2. Material efficiency

Confirmation of material efficiency even when expanding the product portfolio.

Initial value	2021: 1.03 t/t
Target value	2025: 1.03 t/t
Actual value	2022: 1.04 t/t
Actual value	2023: 1.03 t/t

The implementation of the measures from the environmental program is having a positive impact.

Program	Project data	Stand
See program point 1 from energy efficiency, due to the shorter throughput times and simpler set-up of the bead mill, material efficiency in CPC production has increased by 10 %.	Costs: 200 TEUR Date: June 2023 Responsible: Project Engineer	Done
New 20 liter bead mill in the production of pastes	Costs: 100 TEUR Date: end of 2023 Responsible: Project Engineer	Done

9.2.3. Specific waste

Reduction of specific total waste by 10 percent

Baseline value	2021:	101 kg/t
Target value	2025:	90 kg/t
Actual value	2022:	115 kg/t
Actual value	2023	97 kg/t

The increase in specific total waste in 2022 was successfully reduced by 16% in 2023 thanks to targeted measures.

The effective measures:

- One of the key measures was cooperation with suppliers. By stabilizing and easing supply chains, which were strained during the coronavirus pandemic, material efficiency was increased and waste reduced. The improved availability and quality of raw materials contributed to fewer rejects being produced.
- Another factor was the optimization of the filling process

Program	Project data	Stand
Supplier integration for raw material Reduction of packaging waste Production CPC → Return and reuse of packaging (IBCs and containers)	Costs: 10 TEUR Date: end of 2023 Responsible: Purchasing	Done
Production CPC Filling process of zinc flake: Rinsing process the resulting mixture of solvent and zinc flake is reused. Savings of 10 tons of hazardous waste	Organizational change Date: from January 2023 Responsible: Production CPC	completed AVV 080111 hazardous paint and varnish waste from 2021 to 2023: reduced from 135.57 t to 120.85 t.

9.2.4. emissions (VOC)

Reduction of solvent-contaminated exhaust air in CPC production by 30%

Baseline value 2021 : 4.53 t C / year
Target value 2025: 3.17 t C / year
Actual value 2022 / 2023: No effect yet

Program	Project data	Stand
Biological exhaust air purification system for CPC production → Reduction of emissions through the use of a biological scrubber	Costs: 800 TEUR Date: end of 2023 Responsible: Project Engineer	Trial operation Normal operation 3rd quarter 2024 First measurement at the end of 2024

9.2.5. Employee participation

Training of internal auditors with a focus on environmental protection/environmental management

Program	Project data	Stand
Training of internal auditors with a focus on environmental protection/environmental management Seminar: 4 days total	Costs: 25 TEUR Date: end of 2023 Responsible: CSR	Done 16 participants have been trained as internal auditors. An additional training day will be held in September.

9.3. Dörken Membranes

9.3.1. Energy efficiency:

The two new production lines are significantly more energy-efficient than the old plant they are to replace. We are currently assuming possible savings of around 3,000 MWh per year and therefore a savings potential of around 15% compared to 2019. However, these savings will only take effect during process-stable operation and after the old plant fleet has been shut down - i.e. from 2023.

In addition to 2021, we expect the opposite trend in 2022 due to the commissioning and learning curve with the new production lines and parallel operation with the old plant park. The full savings potential will continue to unfold over the following years and reach its maximum in 2025.

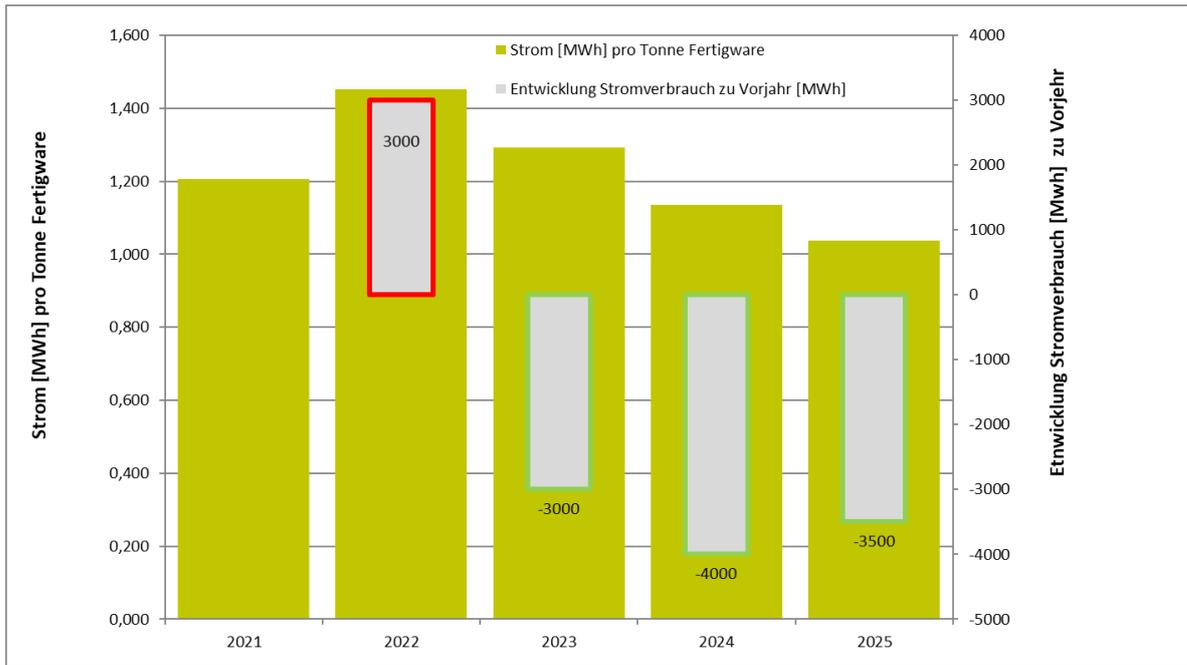


Fig. 1: Energy efficiency targets 2022-2025 Dörken Membranes

To reduce the specific energy consumption per production volume by 15 percent.

Baseline value	2021:	1.206 MWh/t
Target value	2025:	1.037 MWh/t
Actual value	2022:	1.346 MWh/t
Actual value	2023:	1.490 MWh/t

The increase in 2023 is due to the fact that the current qualification process has only been partially completed. Around 50% of the products have already been transferred to the new production lines. The other 50% are currently still undergoing qualification, resulting in enormous electricity consumption without any significant finished product output.

These goods are in turn still being produced on the old plants. Due to the partial relocation of the products, the old plants are currently not being used to capacity, which is leading to an increase in energy consumption.

Program	Project data	Stand
Procurement and qualification of 2 new production lines (higher energy efficiency; reduced reject rate)	Costs: 15,600 TEUR Start: 2019 Date: 2023 Responsible: Production	Status 2023: Qualification of one line completed. The second production line is still in the qualification stage.
Investment planning PV systems for Dörken	Costs: No investment budget defined Start: 2022 Date: 2025 Responsible: P3 Team	Investment planning completed. Further implementation steps planned.

9.3.2. Material efficiency

Confirmation of material efficiency even when expanding the product portfolio.

Initial value	2021: 1.16 t/t
Target value	2025: 1.16 t/t
Actual value	2022: 1.29 t/t
Actual value	2023: 1.40 t/t

The increase in raw material consumption is due to the fact that product qualification on the new systems has not yet been completed.

Program	Project data	Stand
CIP production (various production optimization topics with a focus on material efficiency)	Costs: 105 TEUR Start: 2021 Date: 2022 Responsible: Lean Office	Completed: Value stable so far
Introduction of a detection system for error detection and ejection (scrap reduction)	Costs: 445 TEUR Start: 2020 Date: 2022 Responsible: Process planning	In implementation

9.3.3. Waste reduction:

As part of the commissioning of the two new production lines and the associated learning curve, we expect a significant increase in rejects and therefore waste volumes in 2021 and 2022. During stable process operation from the end of 2021 to the beginning of 2023, reject rates and therefore waste volumes will decrease significantly again. Our aim is therefore to reduce the waste volumes at the existing plants in 2023, 2024 and 2025 to such an extent that the increased waste volume in 2022 is compensated for and further reduced.

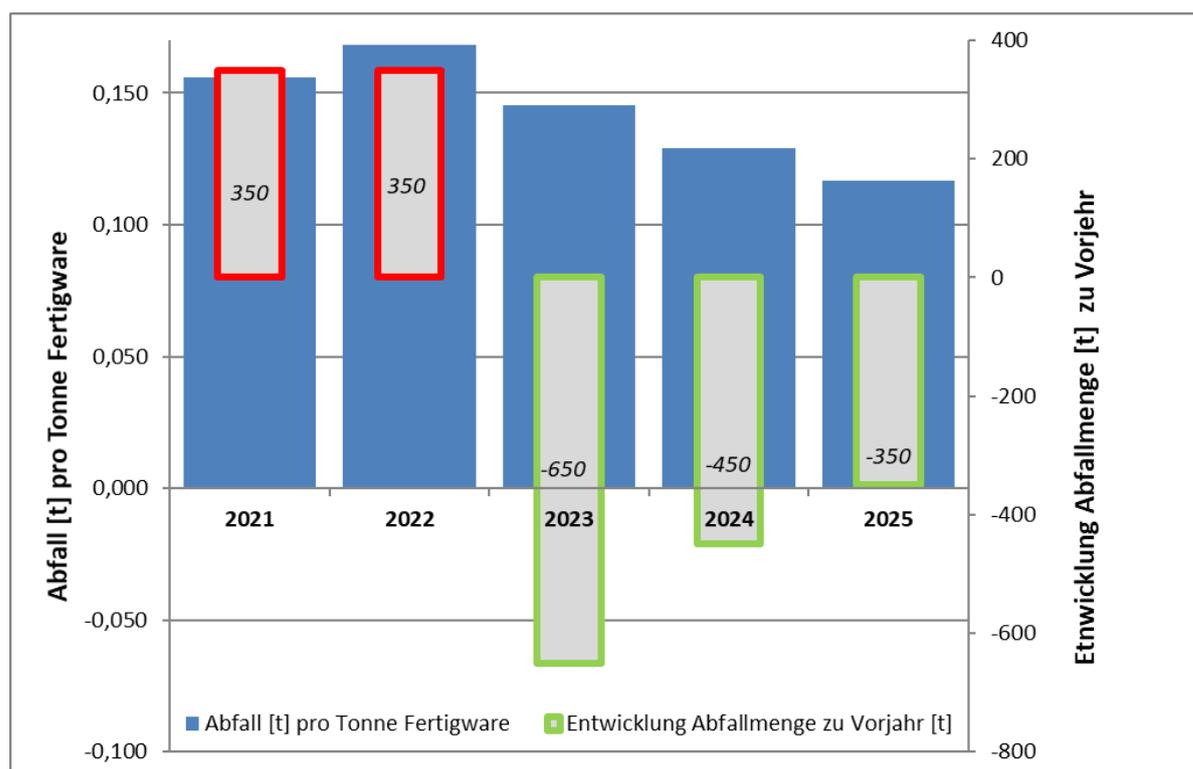


Fig. 2: Waste targets 2022-2025 Dörken Membranes

9.3.4. Specific waste

Reduction of the specific total waste below the level before qualification of the new systems

Baseline value	2021:	0.156 t/t
Target value	2025:	0.117 t/t
Actual value	2022	0.236 t/t
Actual value	2023	0.385 t/t

The increase in the volume of waste is due to the fact that the qualification of the products on the new systems has not yet been completed.

Program	Project data	Stand
Optimization of edge trim on a production line to reduce production waste (waste reduction)	Costs: 32 TEUR Date: 2021 End of 2022 Responsible: Process planning	In implementation
Introduction of a detection system for fault detection and ejection (reduction of rejects) on line A	Costs: 445 TEUR Start: 2020 Date: 2022 Responsible: Process planning	First production line completed
Introduction of a detection system for fault detection and ejection (reduction of rejects) on line B	Costs: 445 TEUR Start: 2022 Date: 2023 Responsible: Process planning	The second production line is still undergoing qualification, which means that fault ejection has not yet been completed.
Introduction of a detection system for error detection and ejection (reduction of rejects) on extruder 9.	Costs: 445 TEUR Start: 2023 Date: 2024 Responsible: Process planning	See also the two previous descriptions
Opticycle project (Optimization of ideal material value streams for waste)	Costs: Currently none Budget No defined budget Deadline: 2025 Responsible: Research and development	Value streams and waste volume recorded. Investment proposals in planning.

10. Declaration of validity

The environmental verifiers listed below confirm that they have verified that the sites, as stated in this environmental statement of the organization Ewald Dörken AG with registration number DE-130-00031, meet all the requirements of Regulation (EC) No.1221/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2009 as amended on 28.08.2017 and 19.12.2018 on the voluntary participation by organizations in a Community eco-management and audit scheme (EMAS).

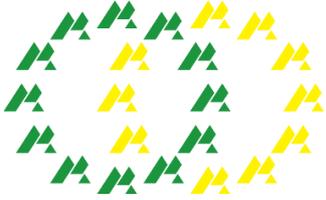
Name of the environmental verifier	Registration number	Approved for the sectors (NACE)
Dr. Ulrich Hommelsheim	DE-V-0117	20.3 Production of paints, printing inks and mastics 22.23 Manufacture of building supplies from plastics 46.73.6 Wholesale trade services of paints and varnishes 46.74. 3 Wholesale trade services of metal and plastic products for construction purposes 46.75 Wholesale of chemical products
Dr. Sulzer	DE-V-0041	64. 2 Investment companies 70.1 Administration and management of companies and businesses

By signing this declaration, you confirm that:

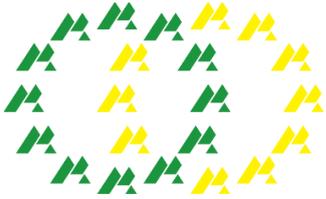
- the assessment and validation have been carried out in full compliance with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1221/2009 as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/1505 and (EU) 2018/2026,
- the result of the assessment and validation confirms that there is no evidence of non-compliance with the applicable environmental regulations and
- the data and information in the environmental statement provide a reliable, credible and truthful picture of all the organization's activities.

This declaration cannot be equated with an EMAS registration. EMAS registration can only be carried out by a competent body in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1221/2009. This declaration may not be used as a stand-alone basis for informing the public.

Berlin, 9.09.2024



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